



CROATIAN UNION OF TAEKWON-DO CLUBS

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1th UMAG WORLD ITF CHALLENGER 2011

INTERNATIONAL TAEKWON-DO CHAMPIONSHIP

For kids, juniors, seniors and veterans

May 07. 2011.

Dear friends,

I have great honour to invite you to the 1th Umag World ITF Challenger 2011- Taekwon-do ITF Open Championship which will take place in beautiful city of UMAG, Croatia. This town has the longest taekwon-do tradition in this part of Europe . Competition will take place on 4 arenas

I wish you welcome!

Tomislav Đaković, IV

INVITATION

Place	Sporthall «Marija i Lino», Umag
Organizer	Croatian Union of Taekwon-do Clubs, 35000 Slavonski Brod, Mikrorajon 6 B
Sponsored	Town of Umag
Entry fee	EUR 20.00 (ITF Member) EUR 25.00 (Non ITF Member)
Entries deadline	April 28. 2011.

Referees	Every club must provide one referee. Clubs which intend to come without referee must inform the organizer and pay 50 EUR on the day of tournament. The organizer will provide lunch and refreshment for all referees.
Coaches	Coaches have to wear training suit and indoor gymnastic shoes. They have to consider every instruction that was given to them from organizer.
Rules	The official protest note must be writtem in free minutes after sparring and get to president of Jury after paying amount of 25 EUR to organizers official.
Draft	Draft will be performed on April 29, 2011.
Weigh checking	On the day of tournament. Each participant overweighing division limit will be transferred to higher division and for such participant entry fee will be 25 EUR.
Prizes	Medals will be awarded for 1st, 2nd and 2 x 3rd places individual. Special awards for 3 best clubs and best competitors.
News!!!!!! -	The Best Female and Male Competitor - money price

Sparring

Juniors up to 14 years old

Male: -25 kg, -30 kg, -35 kg, -40 kg, -45 kg, -50 kg, -55 kg, +55 kg

Female: -25 kg, -30 kg, -35 kg, -40 kg, -45 kg, -50 kg, +50 kg

Juniors up to 18 years old

Male: -50 kg, -55 kg, -60 kg, -65 kg, -70 kg, +70 kg

Female: -45 kg, -50 kg, -55 kg, -60 kg, -65 kg, +65 kg

Seniors /above 18 years old/

Male: -58 kg, -64 kg, -70 kg, -76 kg, -82 kg, +82 kg

Female: -50 kg, -55 kg, -60 kg, -65 kg, -70 kg, +70 kg

Veterans

Tull Chon - Yi ...

Hosinsul team

4+1 competitor

Sparring duration:

2 x 1,5 minutes yualifications

2 x 2 minutes finals

Patterns

Yellow Belts	from Chon - Yi to Dan Gun
Green Belts	from Chon - Yi to Won Hyo
Blue Belts	from Chon - Yi to Joon Gun
Red Belts	from Chon - Yi to Hwa Rang
Black Belts 1st DAN	from Chon - Yi to Ge Baek
Black Belts 2nd DAN and above	from Chon - Yi to Ju Che

Qualifications:	The Jury designated Tull
Finals:	Second Tull on competitors choice

Schedule of events	08.00 – 09.00	Weigh-in
	09.00 – 09.30	Referees and instructors meeting
	09.30 – 10.00	Opening ceremonial
	10.00	Competitions

Contact address **Tomislav Djaković IV**
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Umag?

Demographics

Umag has a population of 7,769 (2001), total municipal population 12,901 (2001). Like many other towns in [Istria](#), Umag has a multi-ethnic population. [Croats](#) comprise an absolute majority with 59.6%; [Italians](#) 18.3%, [Serbs](#) 3.8%, [Slovenes](#) 2.2%, [Bosniaks](#) 1.7%, [Albanians](#) 1.3% and those regionally declared (as Istrians) make up the final 1.57%^[2].

History

Umag was mentioned for the first time in the 7th century by an anonymous citizen from [Ravenna](#), but had already existed in Roman times. Proof of that is found in the numerous remains of Roman retreats, the so-called [villa rustica](#) uncovered all along the coast. The town's history is closely linked to the settlement of Sipar whose ruins can be found on the narrow cape, six kilometres north of Umag. In the 9th century the fortified settlement of Sipar was devastated by invaders, the Neretva pirates. However, after this unfortunate incident Umag grew in significance thanks also to its location, a small islet separated from the mainland with a narrow channel. It was actually this location to safeguard the settlement from the continuous invasions throughout the centuries. The Roman period of relative prosperity was substituted by one of insecurity caused primarily by

frequent invasions, outbreaks of plague, cholera, and malaria. The number of its dwellers declined rapidly. Umag became part of the reigns of Odoacre, Theodoric and was ruled by the Longobards too.

From 6th to 8th centuries it fell under Byzantine dominion, followed by the rule of the Lombards in 751 and Franks in 774. The period to come was marked by insecurity and frequent changes of government from the Patriarchs of [Grado](#) and [Aquileia](#) to the Bishops of [Trieste](#). However, the increasingly powerful Venetian Republic imposed its rule over Istria forcing Umag and other western Istrian towns to swear loyalty to [Venice](#). Actually, in 1269 the Commune of Umag promised loyalty to Venice which from that time all through 1797 was to appoint governors of Umag from among its nobility. This period was by no means a peaceful one.

Century old clashes with [Genoa](#) brought about more destruction and looting. In 1370 the Genovese navy attacked Umag destroying the town's archive. The outbreaks of plague that decimated the dwellers forced the Venetian authorities to consider colonising the area with new settlers, mainly from the territories threatened by Turkish invasions. Through centuries of the Venetian rule Umag's economy was exclusively based on agriculture. The harbour of Umag was utilised for loading agricultural surplus from the hinterland. Up to the collapse of Venice Umag had lived like other Istrian towns. Its communal arrangement was guaranteed in the Statute from 1541.

With the fall of the [Venetian Republic](#), Umag, like the entire eastern Adriatic coast came under the rule of France until 1815 when it passed over to Austria until 1918. With the end of World War I Istria became part of Italy. After World War II the flaring up of the Trieste crises resulted in the establishment of the [Free Territory of Trieste](#), while Umag became part of Zone B governed by the Yugoslav Army, and eventually became part of [SR Croatia](#) within [SFR Yugoslavia](#) in 1954. Exodus of many Italians, until then majority.

In 1993 with the establishment of the new local rule Umag became an independent municipality (općina), and in 1997 was awarded the status of town or city (grad).



Umag
Location of Umag within Croatia

Coordinates:  [45°26'N 13°31'E](#)[45.433°N 13.517°E](#)

Country	Croatia
County	Istria
Government	
- Mayor	Vili Bassanese
Area	
- Total	87 km ² (33.6 sq mi)
Elevation	0 m (0 ft)
Population (2001)	
- Total	12,901
- Density	148.3/km ² (384.1/sq mi)
Time zone	CET (UTC+1)
- Summer (DST)	CEST (UTC+2)
Postal code	52 470
Area code(s)	052
Website	grad-umag.hr

Accomodation Please, contact us for all necessary informations on accomodation.
We will do our best to meet your expectation.

WELCOME IN UMAG!

1th UMAG WORLD ITF CHALLENGER 2011

Name of club:	
Address:	
Country:	
Coach / Contact person:	
Phone number:	Fax:
AGE Category	Sex:

No	Name and Surname	birth	Grade	Weight	Tull	Sparring
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
	Veterans					
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
	Hosinsul Team					
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						

Signature:

Please, send your entry forms until April 28, 2011.
Contact person: Tomislav Đaković 4. DAN
Fax: +385 35 490 772 or e-mail: itf.croatia@gmail.com
Or the adress in the head of document

